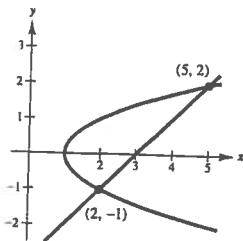
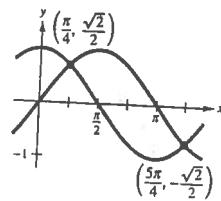


# Solutions to review problems for Test 1.

6.  $A = \int_{-1}^2 [(y+3) - (y^2 + 1)] dy$   
 $= \int_{-1}^2 (2 + y - y^2) dy = [2y + \frac{1}{2}y^2 - \frac{1}{3}y^3]_{-1}^2 = \frac{9}{2}$

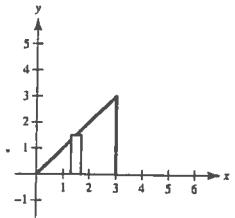


9.  $A = \int_{\pi/4}^{5\pi/4} (\sin x - \cos x) dx$   
 $= [-\cos x - \sin x]_{\pi/4}^{5\pi/4}$   
 $= \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) - \left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$   
 $= \frac{4}{\sqrt{2}} = 2\sqrt{2}$



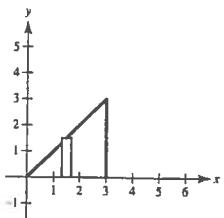
17. (a) Disk

$$V = \pi \int_0^3 x^2 dx = \left[ \frac{\pi x^3}{3} \right]_0^3 = 9\pi$$



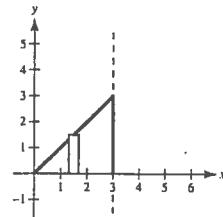
(b) Shell

$$V = 2\pi \int_0^3 x(x) dx = 2\pi \left[ \frac{x^3}{3} \right]_0^3 = 18\pi$$



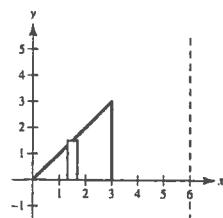
(c) Shell

$$V = 2\pi \int_0^3 (3-x)x dx = 2\pi \left[ \frac{3x^2}{2} - \frac{x^3}{3} \right]_0^3 = 9\pi$$



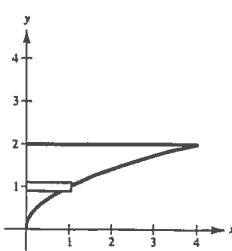
(d) Shell

$$V = 2\pi \int_0^3 (6-x)x dx = 2\pi \left[ 3x^2 - \frac{x^3}{3} \right]_0^3 = 36\pi$$



**18. (a) Shell**

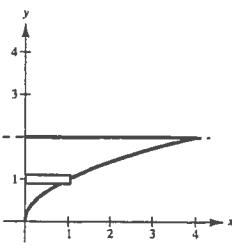
$$V = 2\pi \int_0^2 y^3 dy = \left[ \frac{\pi}{2} y^4 \right]_0^2 = 8\pi$$



**(b) Shell**

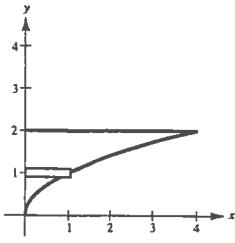
$$V = 2\pi \int_0^2 (2-y)y^2 dy$$

$$= 2\pi \int_0^2 (2y^2 - y^3) dy = 2\pi \left[ \frac{2}{3}y^3 - \frac{1}{4}y^4 \right]_0^2 = \frac{8\pi}{3}$$



**(c) Disk**

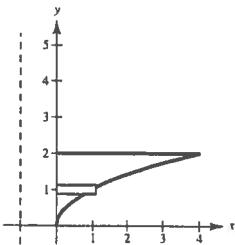
$$V = \pi \int_0^2 y^4 dy = \left[ \frac{\pi}{5} y^5 \right]_0^2 = \frac{32\pi}{5}$$



**(d) Disk**

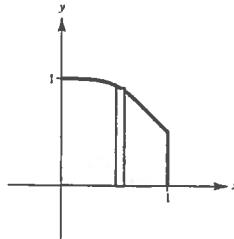
$$V = \pi \int_0^2 [(y^2 + 1)^2 - 1^2] dy$$

$$= \pi \int_0^2 (y^4 + 2y^2) dy = \pi \left[ \frac{1}{5}y^5 + \frac{2}{3}y^3 \right]_0^2 = \frac{176\pi}{15}$$



**19. Shell**

$$V = 2\pi \int_0^1 \frac{x}{x^4 + 1} dx = \pi \int_0^1 \frac{(2x)}{(x^2)^2 + 1} dx = [\pi \arctan(x^2)]_0^1 = \pi \left( \frac{\pi}{4} - 0 \right) = \frac{\pi^2}{4}$$



**21. Shell**

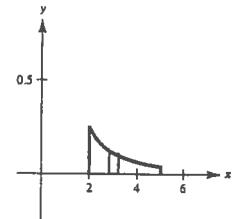
$$V = 2\pi \int_2^5 x \left( \frac{1}{x^2} \right) dx$$

$$= 2\pi \int_2^5 \frac{1}{x} dx$$

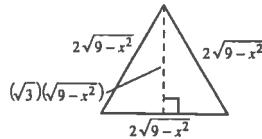
$$= [2\pi \ln|x|]_2^5$$

$$= 2\pi(\ln 5 - \ln 2)$$

$$= 2\pi \ln\left(\frac{5}{2}\right)$$



**24.**



$$A(x) = \frac{1}{2}bh = \frac{1}{2}(2\sqrt{9-x^2})(\sqrt{3}\sqrt{9-x^2}) \\ = \sqrt{3}(9-x^2)$$

$$V = \sqrt{3} \int_{-3}^3 (9-x^2) dx = \sqrt{3} \left[ 9x - \frac{x^3}{3} \right]_{-3}^3 \\ = \sqrt{3}[(27-9) - (-27+9)] = 36\sqrt{3}$$

25.  $f(x) = \frac{4}{5}x^{5/4}$

$$f'(x) = x^{1/4}$$

$$1 + [f'(x)]^2 = 1 + \sqrt{x}$$

$$u = 1 + \sqrt{x}$$

$$x = (u - 1)^2$$

$$dx = 2(u - 1) du$$

$$s = \int_0^4 \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} dx = 2 \int_1^3 \sqrt{u}(u - 1) du$$

$$= 2 \int_1^3 (u^{3/2} - u^{1/2}) du$$

$$= 2 \left[ \frac{2}{5}u^{5/2} - \frac{2}{3}u^{3/2} \right]_1^3 = \frac{4}{15} \left[ u^{3/2}(3u - 5) \right]_1^3$$

$$= \frac{8}{15}(1 + 6\sqrt{3}) = 6.076$$

26.  $y = \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{1}{2x}$

$$y' = \frac{1}{2}x^2 - \frac{1}{2x^2}$$

$$1 + (y')^2 = \left( \frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{1}{2x^2} \right)^2$$

$$s = \int_1^3 \left( \frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{1}{2x^2} \right) dx = \left[ \frac{1}{6}x^3 - \frac{1}{2x} \right]_1^3 = \frac{14}{3}$$

32.  $F = kx$

$$50 = k(1) \Rightarrow k = 50$$

$$W = \int_0^{10} 50x dx = [25x^2]_0^{10} = 2500 \text{ in-lb} \approx 208.3 \text{ ft-lb}$$

33. Volume of disk:  $\pi \left( \frac{1}{3} \right)^2 \Delta y$     [diameter =  $\frac{2}{3}$  ft]

Weight of disk:  $62.4\pi \left( \frac{1}{3} \right)^2 \Delta y$

Distance:  $190 - y$

$$W = \frac{62.4\pi}{9} \int_0^{165} (190 - y) dy$$

$$= \frac{62.4\pi}{9} \left[ 190y - \frac{y^2}{2} \right]_0^{165}$$

$$= \frac{62.4\pi}{9} \left[ \frac{35,475}{2} \right] = 122,980\pi \text{ ft-lb}$$

$$\approx 193.2 \text{ foot-tons}$$

30.  $y = 2\sqrt{x}$ ,  $y' = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$

$$1 + (y')^2 = 1 + \frac{1}{x} = \frac{x+1}{x}$$

$$S = 2\pi \int_3^8 2\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x}} dx = 4\pi \int_3^8 \sqrt{x+1} dx$$

$$= 4\pi \left[ \frac{2}{3}(x+1)^{3/2} \right]_3^8 = \frac{152\pi}{3}$$