

Solutions to homework #3

1.2.9 (a) $f^{-1}([0, 4]) = [-2, 2]$ and $f^{-1}([-1, 1]) = [-1, 1]$.

$$\text{So } f^{-1}(A \cap B) = f^{-1}([0, 1]) = [-1, 1] = f^{-1}(A) \cap f^{-1}(B),$$

$$f^{-1}(A \cup B) = f^{-1}([-1, 4]) = [-2, 2] = f^{-1}(A) \cup f^{-1}(B).$$

(b) $x \in g^{-1}(A \cap B) \Leftrightarrow g(x) \in A \cap B \Leftrightarrow g(x) \in A \text{ and } g(x) \in B \Leftrightarrow x \in g^{-1}(A) \text{ and } x \in g^{-1}(B) \Leftrightarrow x \in g^{-1}(A) \cap g^{-1}(B)$

So we proved that

$$g^{-1}(A \cap B) = g^{-1}(A) \cap g^{-1}(B)$$

$$x \in g^{-1}(A \cup B) \Leftrightarrow g(x) \in A \cup B \Leftrightarrow g(x) \in A \text{ or } g(x) \in B$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x \in g^{-1}(A) \text{ or } x \in g^{-1}(B) \Leftrightarrow x \in g^{-1}(A) \cup g^{-1}(B)$$

So we proved that

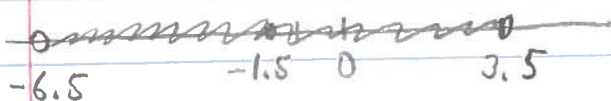
$$g^{-1}(A \cup B) = g^{-1}(A) \cup g^{-1}(B).$$

#2

a) $|2x+3| = 2|x+\frac{3}{2}| < 10$

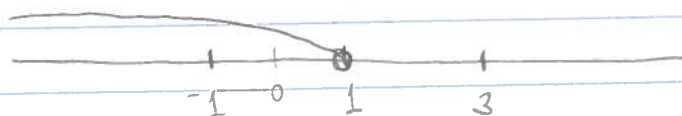
$\Rightarrow |x+\frac{3}{2}| < 5$

Distance from x to $-\frac{3}{2}$ is less than 5



Answer: $x \in (-6.5, 3.5)$

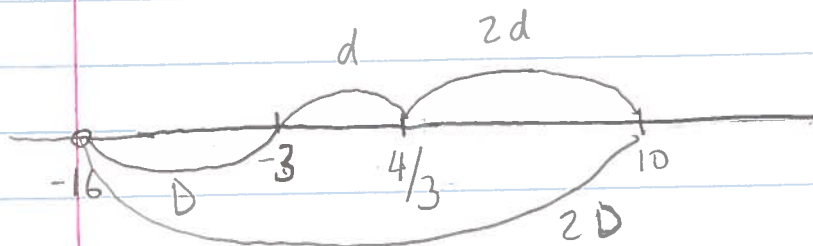
b) Distance from x to 3 is greater than the distance from x to -1.



Answer: $(-\infty, 1)$

c) $|2x+6| \leq |x-10|$ or $|x+3| \leq \frac{1}{2}|x-10|$

Distance from x to -3 is less or equal than half of the distance from x to 10



Answer: $(-16, 4/3)$