

## Homework # 14 (due Friday, March 6)

1. Determine if sequence converges or diverges. If the sequence converges, find its limit.

a)  $a_n = \frac{1-3n}{1+2n}$  ;

b)  $a_n = \frac{n+(-1)^n}{n}$  ;

c)  $a_n = \frac{n^3-1}{n^2+n+1}$  ;

d)  $a_n = \frac{\sin n}{n}$  ;

e)  $a_n = \ln n - \ln(n+1)$  ;

f)  $a_n = \left(1 + \frac{1}{2n}\right)^n$  ;

g)  $a_n = \frac{3 \cdot 10^n - 9^n}{8^n + 4 \cdot 10^n}$  ;

h)  $a_n = \frac{n!}{(n+2)!}$  ;

i)  $a_n = \frac{n!}{n^2(n-2)!}$  .

2. Find a formula for the  $n^{\text{th}}$  term in the sequence

a)  $1, -4, 9, -16, 25, \dots$  ;

$$b) \frac{1}{2 \cdot 3}, \frac{2}{3 \cdot 4}, \frac{3}{4 \cdot 5}, \frac{4}{5 \cdot 6}, \dots$$

$$c) a_1 = 3, \quad a_n - a_{n-1} = 5 \quad \text{for all } n;$$

$$d) a_1 = 4, \quad \frac{a_n}{a_{n-1}} = \frac{1}{3} \quad \text{for all } n.$$

3. Determine whether the sequence is monotonic and whether it is bounded:

$$a) a_n = n e^{-n};$$

$$b) a_n = \frac{\cos(\pi n)}{n};$$

$$c) a_n = \frac{(n+1)!}{2^n}.$$

$$4. \text{ Let } a_1 = 0, \quad a_{n+1} = \sqrt{8 + 2a_n}.$$

a) Show that the sequence  $\{a_n\}$  is increasing.

b) Show that  $a_n \leq 4$  for all  $n$ .

c) Show that  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n = 4$ .