Exam 2 Review Calculus I

Look at home work, quizzes and examples from class, but practice is most important! Can you do similar problems without your book?

Exam 2 covers sections 3.1-3.10, the chapter on derivatives. A large part of the exam will test whether you know the derivative rules and how to combine them properly. There will be a question about computing the derivative using the limit definition. You can also expect at least one word problem on related rates, probably similar to one of the home work problems.

- 3.1-2 Slope of the tangent line to a graph, the **limit** definition of the derivative, notation for derivatives, graph of the derivative function, differentiability implies continuity, Understand how graphs of a function relate to graphs of derivatives.
 - 3.3 Basic derivative rules, power rule, derivatives of e^x , constant multiple rule, addition/subtraction rule, product rule, quotient rule.
 - 3.5 Derivatives of $\sin x$, $\cos x$, $\tan x$, $\sec x$, $\cot x$, $\csc x$ and higher derivatives.
 - 3.6 Chain rule for composite functions: $y = f(g(x)) \Rightarrow y' = f'(g(x)) \cdot g'(x)$. Or, if y = g(u) and u = f(x), then $dy/dx = dy/du \cdot du/dx$.
 - 3.7 Implicit differentiation differentiating an equation to find slope of tangent lines.
 - 3.8 Derivatives of inverse functions $(g(x) = f^{-1}(x) \Rightarrow g'(x) = 1/f'(g(x)))$ and derivatives of $\ln x$, $\log_a x$ and a^x .
 - 3.9 Derivatives of the six inverse trigonometric functions $\arcsin x$, $\arctan x$, $\arccos x$, $\arccos x$, $\operatorname{arccos} x$, $\operatorname{arccos} x$, $\operatorname{arccos} x$.
 - 3.4 one dimensional motion: if s(t) is the position at time t, displacement, velocity v(t) = ds/dt, speed |v(t)|, acceleration $a(t) = d^2s/dt^2$ and how to interpret signs, direction of motion.
- 3.10 Related rates problems. These are word problems using the derivative rules to find rates of chance of physical quantities like angles, lengths, areas, volumes, etcetera.