

**COMPLEX ANALYSIS PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION**  
**AUGUST 16, 2013**

- (1) An entire function  $f = u + iv$  with  $u, v$  real-valued satisfies  $u_x v_y - u_y v_x = 1$  for all values of  $z = x + iy$  in the complex plane. Prove that  $f$  has the form  $f(z) = az + b$ , where  $a$  and  $b$  are constants and  $|a| = 1$ .
- (2) Find  $\int_{\Delta} (2z^4 - z \cos(1/z)) dz$ , where  $\Delta$  is the unit circle centered at 0, oriented counterclockwise.
- (3) Find  $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{3x^2}{(x^2+4)^2} dx$ .
- (4) Find the Laurent expansion of the function  $f(z) = \frac{2}{z^2-3z+2}$  valid for  $\sqrt{2} < |z+i| < \sqrt{5}$ .
- (5) Suppose that  $f$  and  $g$  are entire functions, that  $|f(z)| \leq |g(z)|$  for all  $z$ , and that  $f(1) = g(1) \neq 0$ . Prove that  $f(z) = g(z)$  for all  $z$ .
- (6) Suppose that  $f$  is a holomorphic function on the open disk of radius 3 centered at 0, and suppose that  $f$  maps the closed annulus  $\{z : 1 \leq |z| \leq 2\}$  into the open unit disk. Prove that the restriction of  $f$  to  $D(0, 2) = \{z : |z| < 2\}$  has exactly one fixed point.
- (7) Use the argument principle to prove Rouché's Theorem.
- (8) Find an orientation-preserving conformal map from the open unit disk  $D$  to  $\{x + iy \in D : y < 0 \text{ and } x < 0\}$ .